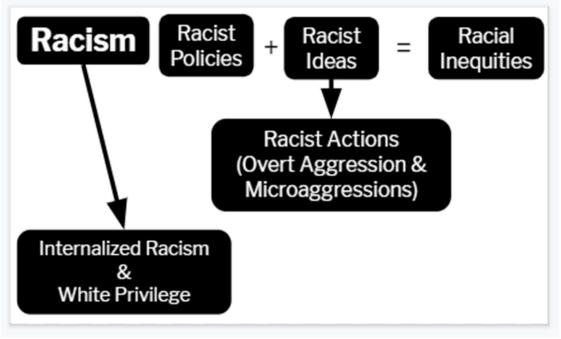
APOST Virtual Summer Conference: Racism and Wellness 6/5/2020

Foundation

- Race-Based Traumatic Stress is "an emotional trauma brought on by the stress of racism" (Carter, p. 25).
- **Historical Trauma** is the "cumulative, multigenerational, collective experience of emotional and psychological injury in communities and in descendants" (SAMHSA, p. 1).



- **Racism** is the combination of racist policies and racist ideas that create or uphold racial inequities.
- Racist policies are unwritten and written laws and guidelines that lead to racial inequities.
- **Racist ideas** are ideas that rank racial groups (i.e., there are racial groups that are inferior to other racial groups).
- **Overt aggression** could be verbal or physical.
- **Microaggressions** are intentional and unintentional insults that communicate violent messages to people of Color (specific to this context).
- Racial inequities are when racial groups are not on equal footing.
- Internalized racism is a person of Color holding and accepting negative and racist ideas about themselves.
- White privilege is a White person having advantages due to their race and benefitting from a racial hierarchy.
- Intersectionality is the concept that all other aspects of a person's identity (e.g., gender, sexual orientation, religion, cognitive/physical abilities) intersect with race and each other to influence how they experience life and how the world responds to them.

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Youth Workers' Wellness in a Racist Society

- Nine Dimensions of Wellness
- Know Policy
- Limit Media
- Enhance Spirituality
- Protect Spaces for People of Color
- Be Coconspirators
- Self-Awareness, Self-Examination, Self-Discipline
 - Topics: Trauma/Stress, Internalized Racism, White Privilege, Bias, Microaggressions, Motivation
 - Techniques: Journal or have quiet time daily, Check in with friends/family, Learn through reading (medium.com/@eliecircle/antiracist-books-a4b2efa118d3), documentaries, etc.
- Questions to Dive Deeper into Wellness
 - What are you feeling?
 - If it's anger, what's your secondary feeling?
 - Do you know where the feeling is coming from (i.e., root cause)?
 - If so, where? If not, take a moment to reflect.
 - What is a solution to eliminating the root cause?
 - What's in your control to address?
 - What is a small thing you can do to address the root cause?
 - o Set SMART goals
 - Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, and Time-Bound

Antiracist Work with Young People

- Questions to Assess Your Commitment to Addressing Race-Based Trauma
 - Do I know the cultural backgrounds of my young people?
 - Do I understand the differences between academic language and my young people's social language, and do I find ways to bridge the two?
 - Do I view my young people's experiences as assets or deficits?
 - Are my practices (i.e., discipline, curriculum, activities) anti-racist?
 - Do I equip my young people with the skills they need to be change agents for equity, social justice, and self-empowerment?
- Before Leading Conversations About Racism, ask yourself:
 - Am I afraid to have the conversation?
 - Am I the best person to lead this conversation?
 - Is this the right time to have the conversation?
- Resources
 - racialequitytools.org
 - o tolerance.org
 - o intergroupresources.com
 - o nationalequityproject.org
 - o blacklivesmatteratschool.com
 - o pbs.org/newshour/extra
 - o nmaahc.si.edu/learn/talking-about-race

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